

ಮುನ್ನುಡಿ

ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಸಬಲೀಕರಣವು ಮಹಿಳೆಯರಿಗೆ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ, ಹಣಕಾಸು ಸೇವೆ, ಆಸ್ತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಇತರ ಉತ್ಪಾದಕ ಸ್ವತ್ತುಗಳು, ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರುಕಟ್ಟೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ಸೇರಿದಂತೆ ಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಅವಕಾಶಗಳಿಗೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಪ್ರವೇಶಾವಕಾಶಗಳನ್ನು ನೀಡುತ್ತಿದೆ. ಸ್ವಸಹಾಯ ಗುಂಪುಗಳಿಗೆ ಕಿರು ಸಾಲವು ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲಗಳ ಕ್ರೋಡೀಕರಣಕ್ಕೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಸಂಪರ್ಕವನ್ನು ಒದಗಿಸುವ ಬಾಹ್ಯ ಬೆಂಬಲಿತ ಅಂಶಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದಾಗಿದೆ, ಇದನ್ನು ಸೂಕ್ತವಾದ ಉತ್ಪಾದಕ ಉದ್ದೇಶಗಳಿಗಾಗಿ ಬಳಸಿಕೊಂಡರೆ, ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಸಬಲೀಕರಣಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣವಾಗುವ ಸ್ವಯಂ ಉದ್ಯೋಗವನ್ನು ಉತ್ತೇಜಿಸುತ್ತದೆ ಮತ್ತು ಹಣಕಾಸು ಹಾಗೂ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಒಳಗೊಳ್ಳುವಿಕೆ ಎರಡರಲ್ಲೂ ನಿರ್ಣಾಯಕ ಪಾತ್ರ ವಹಿಸಬಹುದು. 2014-15 ರಿಂದ 2018-19 ರವರೆಗೆ ಸಹಕಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ಮೂಲಕ ರಿಯಾಯಿತಿ ಬಡ್ಡಿದರಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸ್ವಸಹಾಯ ಗುಂಪುಗಳು (SHG ಗಳು) ಪಡೆದ ಸಾಂಸ್ಥಿಕ ಸಾಲದ ಬಳಕೆಯ ಮಾದರಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸದಸ್ಯರ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ, ಸ್ವತ್ತುಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಆದಾಯದ ಮೇಲೆ ಅದರ ಪರಿಣಾಮ ಮತ್ತು SDG-5 ರ ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಗುರಿಗಳನ್ನು ಸಾಧಿಸುವ ಮೌಲ್ಯಮಾಪನ ಅಧ್ಯಯನವನ್ನು ಸಹಕಾರ ಇಲಾಖೆಯು ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾಪಿಸಿತು. ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಮೌಲ್ಯಮಾಪನ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರದ ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶನದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಲಬುರಗಿಯ ಹೈದರಾಬಾದ್-ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸೆಂಟರ್ ಫಾರ್ ಅಡ್ವಾನ್ಸ್ಡ್ ಲರ್ನಿಂಗ್ (HKCAL) ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯು ಈ ಅಧ್ಯಯನವನ್ನು ಕೈಗೆತ್ತಿಕೊಂಡಿದೆ.

ಅಧ್ಯಯನವು ಪ್ರಾಥಮಿಕ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾಧ್ಯಮಿಕ ದತ್ತಾಂಶಗಳೆರಡನ್ನೂ ಆಧರಿಸಿದೆ. ಬೀದರ್, ಕೊಪ್ಪಳ, ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ, ಹಾವೇರಿ, ತುಮಕೂರು, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ, ಕೋಲಾರ, ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಕನ್ನಡ ಮತ್ತು ಚಾಮರಾಜನಗರದಂತಹ ಒಂಬತ್ತು ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾದರಿ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳಾಗಿ ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. 1520 ಸ್ವಸಹಾಯ ಗುಂಪುಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾದರಿಗೆ ಸೇರ್ಪಡಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅಧ್ಯಯನಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಕಾರ್ಯತಂತ್ರದ ಯಾದೃಚ್ಛಿಕ ಮಾದರಿಯನ್ನು ಅಳವಡಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಈ ಅಧ್ಯಯನವು ಈ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಒಂಬತ್ತು ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳ ಪ್ರಕರಣದ ಅಧ್ಯಯನಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಕೇಂದ್ರೀಕೃತ ಗುಂಪು ಚರ್ಚೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸಹ ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದೆ. ಸ್ವಸಹಾಯ ಸಂಘಗಳಿಂದ ಸಾಲವಾಗಿ ಪಡೆದ ಹಣದ 60 ರಿಂದ 70 ಶೇಕಡಾವಾರು ಹಣವನ್ನು ಬಡತನದ ಕಾರಣದಿಂದಾಗಿ ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕ / ಕುಟುಂಬ ಬಳಕೆಯ ಉದ್ದೇಶಗಳಿಗಾಗಿ ಬಳಸಲಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಫಲಿತಗಳಿಂದ ಕಂಡುಬಂದಿವೆ. ಪ್ರಮುಖ ರೀತಿಯ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಚಟುವಟಿಕೆಗಳಾದ ಹೈನುಗಾರಿಕೆ, ಕೃಷಿ, ನೇಯ್ಗೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸಣ್ಣ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರವು ಸಾಂಪ್ರದಾಯಿಕ ವರ್ಗಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಬರುತ್ತವೆ, ಮತ್ತು ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ, ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ, ಹಾವೇರಿ, ಕೋಲಾರ ಮತ್ತು ತುಮಕೂರಿನ ಅನೇಕ ಸ್ವಸಹಾಯ ಗುಂಪುಗಳ ಸದಸ್ಯರು ಹಾಲು ಮಾರಾಟ ಅಥವಾ ಕೃಷಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ತೊಡಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ, ಅವರು ಇತರ ಚಟುವಟಿಕೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಏಕೆ ವೈವಿಧ್ಯಗೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂಬುದು ಗಂಭೀರ ಕಾಳಜಿಯಾಗಿದೆ. ಇದಲ್ಲದೆ, ನೇಕಾರರು ಹಾಗೂ ಕೃಷಿಕರು ಅತ್ಯಂತ ದುರ್ಬಲ ವರ್ಗದವರಾಗಿದ್ದು ಇವರಿಗೆ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಗಳಿಂದ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಹಣಕಾಸಿನ ಸಹಾಯದ ಅಗತ್ಯವಿರುವುದು ಕಂಡುಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಚಾಮರಾಜನಗರದಲ್ಲಿ 27.22 ರಷ್ಟು ವೆಚ್ಚ ಲಾಭದ ಅನುಪಾತವಿದ್ದು, 9 ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳ ಪೈಕಿ ಮೊದಲ ಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿದೆ. ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಕನ್ನಡ ಮತ್ತು ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳು ಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ ಎರಡು ಮತ್ತು ಮೂರನೇ ಸ್ಥಾನಗಳಲ್ಲಿವೆ. ಬೀದರ್ ಮತ್ತು ತುಮಕೂರು ಕಡಿಮೆ ವೆಚ್ಚದ ಲಾಭದ ಅನುಪಾತವನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿವೆ. ಫಲಾನುಭವಿಗಳು ತಮ್ಮ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಗಳಿಂದ ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು

ಬೆಂಬಲವನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯುತ್ತಿದ್ದು ಮತ್ತು ಸಿಬ್ಬಂದಿ ತಮ್ಮ ಸಮಸ್ಯೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸರಿಯಾದ ಸಮಯಕ್ಕೆ ಪರಿಹರಿಸಲು ಸಮರ್ಥರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಗುಂಪುಗಳನ್ನು ಸೇರಿದ ನಂತರ ತಮ್ಮ ಕುಟುಂಬವು ಸಮೃದ್ಧವಾಗಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಅವರು ಭಾವಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ . ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರದಲ್ಲಿ ಶೇ.50, ಚಾಮರಾಜನಗರದಲ್ಲಿ ಶೇ.90, ಹಾವೇರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಶೇ.43ರಷ್ಟು ಮಂದಿ ತಮ್ಮ ಕುಟುಂಬದಲ್ಲಿ ನಿರ್ಧಾರ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಪಾತ್ರವಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಪಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

ಅಧ್ಯಯನದ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಶಿಫಾರಸುಗಳೆಂದರೆ: ಸಾಲಗಳನ್ನು ನೇರವಾಗಿ ಮಂಜೂರು ಮಾಡಬಹುದು ಮತ್ತು NRLM ಮೂಲಕ ವಿತರಿಸಬಹುದು. ಸ್ವಸಹಾಯ ಗುಂಪುಗಳ ಸದಸ್ಯರ ಸಾಲದ ಮೊತ್ತವನ್ನು 50,000 ರೂ.ಗಳಿಂದ 1,00,000 ರೂ.ಗಳಿಗೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸಬೇಕು, ಇದು ವ್ಯವಹಾರದ ವೈವಿಧ್ಯತೆಗೆ ದಾರಿ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುತ್ತದೆ. ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಸ್ವಸಹಾಯ ಗುಂಪುಗಳ ಸದಸ್ಯರಿಗೆ ತರಬೇತಿ ನೀಡುವುದು. ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಅಥವಾ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಕ್ರೆಡಿಟ್ ಕೌನ್ಸಿಲಿಂಗ್ ಕೇಂದ್ರಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸುವುದು, ಸ್ವಸಹಾಯ ಗುಂಪುಗಳ ಸದಸ್ಯರು ಉತ್ಪಾದಿಸಿದ ಬಟ್ಟೆ ಮತ್ತು ಇತರ ಉತ್ಪನ್ನಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾರಾಟ ಅಭಿಯಾನಗಳು, ಪ್ರದರ್ಶನಗಳು, ಮೇಳಗಳನ್ನು ನಡೆಸುವ ಮೂಲಕ ಮಾರಾಟ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು ಮತ್ತು ರಫ್ತಾಗಿ ಉತ್ಪನ್ನಗಳ ಗುಣಮಟ್ಟದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಅವರಿಗೆ ತಿಳುವಳಿಕೆ ನೀಡಬೇಕು. ಬೆಂಬಲಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಕೆಎಎಸ್ ಎಸ್ ಐಎ ಮತ್ತು ಇತರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳೊಂದಿಗೆ ಅವುಗಳನ್ನು ಸಂಯೋಜಿಸಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಉಪಕ್ರಮ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು. ವಾಣಿಜ್ಯ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಾದೇಶಿಕ ಗ್ರಾಮೀಣ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಗಳಿಗೆ ಬಡ್ಡಿ ಸಹಾಯಧನ ಯೋಜನೆಯನ್ನು ವಿಸ್ತರಿಸುವುದು.

ಅಧ್ಯಯನದ ಫಲಿತಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಶಿಫಾರಸುಗಳು ಮಹಿಳೆಯರ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಸಬಲೀಕರಣದ ಉದ್ದೇಶವನ್ನು ಸಾಧಿಸಲು ಯೋಜನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಗತ್ಯವಾದ ಮಾರ್ಪಾಡುಗಳನ್ನು ತರಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಕಾರ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ಉಪಯುಕ್ತವಾಗುತ್ತವೆ ಎಂದು ನಾನು ನಿರೀಕ್ಷಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಈ ಅಧ್ಯಯನಕ್ಕೆ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಯೋಜನೆ, ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ ಸಂಯೋಜನೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸಾಂಖ್ಯಿಕ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಹೆಚ್ಚುವರಿ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯವರ ಬೆಂಬಲ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶನ ದೊರೆಯಿತು. ಈ ವರದಿಯನ್ನು 52 ನೇ ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ಸಮಿತಿ ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅನುಮೋದಿಸಲಾಯಿತು. ಕೆಇಎ, ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ಸಮಿತಿಯ ಸದಸ್ಯರು ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ವತಂತ್ರ ಮೌಲ್ಯಮಾಪಕರಿಂದ ಕರಡು ವರದಿಯ ಪರಾಮರ್ಶೆಯು ವರದಿಯ ಗುಣಮಟ್ಟವನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸಲು ಉಪಯುಕ್ತ ಒಳನೋಟಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಸಲಹೆಗಳನ್ನು ಒದಗಿಸಿತು. ಅಧ್ಯಯನವನ್ನು ಯಶಸ್ವಿಯಾಗಿ ಪೂರ್ಣಗೊಳಿಸುವಲ್ಲಿ ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ನೀಡಿದ ಸಹಾಯವನ್ನು ನಾನು ಸೂಕ್ತವಾಗಿ ಒಪ್ಪಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

C.P. Jankar

ಮುಖ್ಯ ಮೌಲ್ಯಮಾಪನಾಧಿಕಾರಿ (ಪ್ರ)

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಮೌಲ್ಯಮಾಪನ ಪ್ರಾಧಿಕಾರ

„A”PAGa „A,EUWAZa „Ae „A”AAUA UAAAYAAUA j AUA—Aw Sro zAgAZa e YAgEzA „A”za SYPAAUA aNiAzj aAAvAU „Az,AgA GzEAEUA DzAAUAZa eEAA E CzAgA YAAa a AUAE „AA”Ua C”PACb zEAAUA—5 ga° gaAa UAj UAUA „AzAE aNiE”PAAAYEA

„Ae „A”AAUA UAAAYAAUAZUE „ASACu za „AEPaa oAtPA„A oAerPEUE oEZAV aAA»YEAUAqEAAB UAj AUAUVPEVAUVZUE. DyöPA ZAI AAnPEUVAUA „AtU YAAAtAEAAAB «AAj zAn®e JASZAA CEAA”AACAza PAAQAASACZE. DyöPA ZAI AAnPEUVAUEAAB PEUEWDEEAARGAAa aAA»YEAUAqEAAB eAUWPA YAAARAEUA GvAEUAUA GvAZAEUE CPEEAUE GvEAF„A”AV®e

MmAgEAAUV „Ae „A”AAUA UAA; EA „Az,AgAA vAAa DyöPA aAAvAU oAtPA1EA YAj 1UUAVA°e „AAZAj 1ZAJE aAAvAU zZAEAAV PAAI AAS aAAvAU aA”A°AgAZa°e zZAdga VEUEZAAPEVAAPVAU „AUAWZAJE JAZAA PAAQAASACZE. „PAAdga, „AAAPAAUAUA, „PAAdgeAvAgA „A,EUWAA aAAvAU „AAWAI EUVAUA GvAEUAUA C”PACb aAAvAU aNiAgAI za°e aAAZaa YAAEz„A”EAPA, Ezj AZa GvAEUAUA UAAZAt aNiEAUEAUAEAAB „AU; „AS”AAZAA aAAvAU „AqAqAS”AAZAA. „AQA „Az,AgAA vAAa DyöPA UAj UAUEAAB „ACUA”A „AAxAdgAVZAJE, fA”EA aAI OEAAB oEa”PEEARZAJE aAAvAU „TAAUA „Az,Agj UE oEA° 1ZAgE „A+PAqAVZAJE JAZAA PAAQAASACZE. EzA®ZE, SmEO EEAPAgAgAA EAAvAgA PAETPAgAA CvAAvA zAASO® aUAöZAAgAVZAJE. »AUAV C”Aj UE „AAAPAAUAZa oEaUA „A”AAUAZa CUVAkZE JAZAA PAAQAASACZE. „Az,AgAA CEAPA DyöPA ZAI AAnPEUVAUEAAB aAAAZAAAj „A”A „A”OE „AQa”EAPAVZE aAAvAU C”AgA GvAEUAUA ZAPAE aNiAgAAPMEU UAAtAAI EA „A”OAUAAVAVA°A PEAAUA SUEI vAgA EAw „AQa”EAPAVZE.

„Ae „A”AAUA UAAAYAAUAZa VEUEZAAPEEAQA „A”za°e 60 - 70% oAtAEAAAB aEEAUAQA/PEI AAOPA GzEAAUAZUAV zAAQAAYAAUEUA YAr 1PEVAUV AUAWZAJE JAZAA PAAQAASACZE. DzAj AZa „PAAdga Cx”A „AAPI YAAEF”EAUA°e „A” „A”OA PEAAZAAEAAB „AU; „A”EAPA, Ezj AZa „C”UA CJ aAA aAAvAU SYPAE SUEI „Ae „A”AAUA UAAAYAA „Az,Agj UE ZPAET „AQAS”AAZAA. fA

EzA®ZE, SmEO EEAPAgAgAA, EAAvAgA PAETPAgAA CvAAvA zAASO® aUAöZAAgAVZAJE. »AUAV „AAAPAAUAZa oEaUA „A”AAUAZa CUVAkZE JAZAA PAAQAASACZE. „Az,AgAA CEAPA DyöPA ZAI AAnPEUVAUEAAB aAAAZAAAj „A”A „A”OE „AQa”EAPAVZE aAAvAU C”AgA GvAEUAUA ZAPAE aNiAgAAPMEU UAAtAAI EA „A”OAUAAVAVA°A PEAAUA SUEI vAgA EAw „AQa”EAPAVZE. YAAUA „A”UAUEAAB fAe „A”PAGa PEAAZAAE „AAPI YAAEAPA PAET „A”PAGa „AAWAZa YAAEZAEACUE „AQa”AUAAUE. „A”UAUEAAB EEAgAAV gAJTAAUA UAAZAt fA”EEEAUAUA C”AAUEA aAAEPA aAAAEgAA aNiAgAS”AAZAA aAAvAU «vAj „S”AAZAA. aAAAgAZa eEzAEUE zAj aNiAr PEQAaAAVE „Ae „A”AAUA UAAAYAA „Az,AgA „A”za eEVAPEAAB 50,000 gAE.UA½AZa 1,00,000 gAE.UA½UE oEaUA”EAPA. „PAAdgeAvAgA „A,EU aAAE”PA „Ae „A”AAUA UAAAYAA „Az,Agj UE vAgA EAWUAV, C”AgAA PE”AA „Az,AgAEAAAB DAUA aNiAgAAVAgE, F „S”OZAAEAAB VEUEZAA oAPA”EAPA aAAvAU J”Ae „Ae „A”AAUA UAAAYAA „Az,Agj UE vAgA EAw „AQa”EAPA. „PAAdga Cx”A „AAPI YAAEF”EAUA°e „A” „A”OA PEAAZAAEAAB „AU; „A”EAPA, Ezj AZa „C”UA CJ aAA aAAvAU SYPAE SUEI „Ae „A”AAUA UAAAYAA „Az,Agj UE ZPAET „AQAS”AAZAA.

1.8 ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿಗಳ ವಿವರಣೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅರ್ಹತಾ ಮಾಪನಗಳು

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ: 1.2 ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿಗಳ ವಿವರಣೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅರ್ಹತಾ ಮಾಪನಗಳು

ಕ್ರ. ಸಂ.	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ ವಿವರಣೆ	ಅರ್ಹತಾ ಮಾಪನ	ಅರ್ಹತಾ ಮಾಪನ	ಅರ್ಹತಾ ಮಾಪನ
1.	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ Dyöpa » EEBÉ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ PÁI ÁAS aváte MqÉvÁEÁ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ ZÁZÉÖ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ 1. EEPÁqÁZÁgÁ 2. CEÁÁYÁvÁ
2.	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ UÁÁgÁÁw, ÁÁ«PÉ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ ZÁZÉÖ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ 1. EEPÁqÁZÁgÁ 2. CEÁÁYÁvÁ
3.	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ vÁ«ÁYÁÁvÁEÁAB	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ UÁÁgÁÁw, ÁÁ«PÉ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ ZÁZÉÖ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ 1. EEPÁqÁZÁgÁ 2. CEÁÁYÁvÁ
4.	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ gÁZÁEÉ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ UÁÁgÁÁw, ÁÁ«PÉ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ ZÁZÉÖ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ 1. EEPÁqÁZÁgÁ 2. CEÁÁYÁvÁ
5.	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ SÁPE	• Dyöpa ZÁI ÁÁnPEÁÁÁ «ZÁ • FAÁEÁZA UÁÁtÁÁI QÁ ÁEÁÁE YÁÁÁÁ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ ZÁZÉÖ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ 1. EEPÁqÁZÁgÁ 2. CEÁÁYÁvÁ
6.	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ QÁÁIÁZÁÁvÉ	• ÁÁÁÁÁ° ÉÁ ÁÁZÁÁvÁgÁUÁVÁÁ • ÁÁÁÁÁ° É ZÁZÉÖ • ÁÁÁÁÁ ZÁI ÁÁnPE • ÁÁÁÁÁ ÁÁÁÁÁYÁÁÁw	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ ZÁZÉÖ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ 1. EEPÁqÁZÁgÁ 2. CEÁÁYÁvÁ
7.	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ PÁÁÁÁÖPÁÁÁvÉ	• ÁÁÁÁÁ° ÉÁ ÁÁZÁÁvÁgÁUÁVÁÁ • ÁÁÁÁÁ° É ZÁZÉÖ • ÁÁÁÁÁ ZÁI ÁÁnPE • ÁÁÁÁÁ ÁÁÁÁÁYÁÁÁw	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ ZÁZÉÖ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ 1. EEPÁqÁZÁgÁ 2. CEÁÁYÁvÁ
8.	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ U	• ಸರ್ಕಾರದಿಂದ • YÁÁÁÁ ÁÁÁÁÁ • ÁÁÁÁÁÁÁÁÁÁÁ CÁPÁÁÁÁÁÁÁ • ÁÁÁÁÁÁÁÁÁÁÁ YÁÁÁÁÁ ÁÁÁÁÁÁÁ • Dyöpa ZÁI ÁÁnPEÁÁÁÁÁ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ ZÁZÉÖ	ಸಬ್ಸಿಡಿ 1. EEPÁqÁZÁgÁ 2. CEÁÁYÁvÁ

೨೦೧೭-೧೮ನೇ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ನೀತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶಿ, ೨೦೧೭-೧೮ನೇ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ನೀತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶಿ, ೨೦೧೭-೧೮ನೇ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ನೀತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶಿ

2.2. ಸ್ವಯಂ ಸಹಾಯ ಸಂಘಗಳಿಗೆ

ಸ್ವಯಂ ಸಹಾಯ ಸಂಘಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ನೀತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶಿ, ೨೦೧೭-೧೮ನೇ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ನೀತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶಿ

ಸ್ವಯಂ ಸಹಾಯ ಸಂಘಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ನೀತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶಿ, ೨೦೧೭-೧೮ನೇ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ನೀತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶಿ

ಸ್ವಯಂ ಸಹಾಯ ಸಂಘಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ನೀತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶಿ, ೨೦೧೭-೧೮ನೇ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ನೀತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶಿ

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ 3.2: ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಗಳೊಂದಿಗೆ ಸಹಕಾರಿಗಳ ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆಗಳ ವಿವರ (ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿ)

ವರ್ಷ	ಸಹಕಾರಿಗಳ ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆ (ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿ)	ಒಟ್ಟು ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆ (ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿ)	ಒಟ್ಟು ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆ (ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿ)
2007-08	50,09,794	3,785	7,556
2008-09	61,21,147	5,546	9,060
2009-10	69,53,250	6,199	8,915
2010-11	74,61,946	7,016	9,402
2011-12	79,60,349	6,551	8,230
2012-13	73,17,551	8,217	11,228
2013-14	74,29,500	9,897	13,320
2014-15	76,97,469	11,060	14,369
2015-16	79,03,002	13,691	17,323
2016-17	85,76,875	16,114	18,787
2017-18	87,44,437	19,592	22,406
2018-19	1,00,14,243	23,324	23,291
2019-20	1,02,43,323	26,152	25,531

ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ: ಉಲ್ಲೇಖಿಸಿದ ಸಹಕಾರಿಗಳ ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆ, 2007-08 ರಿಂದ 2019-20, ಉಲ್ಲೇಖಿಸಿದ ಒಟ್ಟು ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆ

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ 3.3: ಸಹಕಾರಿಗಳ ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆಗಳ ವಿವರ (ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿ) (ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿ)

ವರ್ಷ	ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆ			
	ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆ	ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆ	ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆ	ಉಳಿತಾಯದ ಗಳಿಕೆ
2007-08	2,078 (28,10,750)	1,166 (13,86,838)	541 (8,12,206)	3,785 (50,09,794)
2008-09	2,773 (35,49,509)	1,990 (16,28,588)	783 (9,43,050)	5,546 (61,21,147)
2009-10	3,674 (40,52,915)	1,299 (18,20,870)	1,226 (10,79,465)	6,199 (69,53,250)
2010-11	4,230 (43,23,473)	1,351 (11,55,076)	1,435 (19,83,397)	7,016 (74,61,946)
2011-12	4,153 (46,18,086)	1,300 (21,27,368)	1,098 (12,14,895)	6,551 (79,60,349)
2012-13	5,533 (40,76,986)	1,527 (20,38,008)	1,157 (12,02,557)	8,217 (73,17,551)
2013-14	6,631 (40,22,810)	1,960 (21,11,760)	1,306 (12,94,930)	9,897 (74,29,500)

ಉದ್ದೇಶ: ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ವಿಶ್ಲೇಷಣೆ

3.1 ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ; ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ವಯಂ-ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸುವ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮದ ಅಧಿವೇಶನದ ವರದಿ

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ 3.13: ಸಾಲವನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಉದ್ದೇಶ

ಉದ್ದೇಶದ ವಿವರ	ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ	
	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ
ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ	3	30	230	82	115	32	1	10	9	27	91	48	3	20	80	22	57	29
ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ	0	0	12	4	52	14	8	80	5	15	27	14	0	0	19	5	33	17
ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	10	1	3	2	1	0	0	11	3	1	1
ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ	3	30	17	6	108	30	0	0	7	21	60	32	2	13	63	17	94	47
ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ	4	40	14	5	85	23	0	0	10	30	10	5	6	40	179	48	12	6
ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ	0	0	6	2	2	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	4	27	18	5	3	2
ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ	10	100	279	100	365	100	10	100	33	100	190	100	15	100	370	100	200	100

ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೋಷ್ಟಕವು ಸಾಲವನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಉದ್ದೇಶವನ್ನು ವಿಶ್ಲೇಷಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ವಯಂ-ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸುವ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮದ ಅಧಿವೇಶನದ ವರದಿ (82%), ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ (32%), ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ (48%), ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ (47%). ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ವಯಂ-ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸುವ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮದ ಅಧಿವೇಶನದ ವರದಿ (40%), ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ (30%), ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ (40%) ಮತ್ತು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ (48%) ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ವಯಂ-ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸುವ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮದ ಅಧಿವೇಶನದ ವರದಿ (80%) ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ವಯಂ-ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸುವ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮದ ಅಧಿವೇಶನದ ವರದಿ.

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ 3.17: ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನಿತ DyöPÁ UÁj UÁÁ ÁZÁÉ

DzÁÁÁzÁ° e°ÉZÁÁ	ÉÁUÁ/ÁÉgÁ UÁÁÁÁÁVÁgÁ		ÉÁUÁ«		©ÁZÁgí		ZÁÁgAd ÉÁUÁgÁ		°ÁÁÉÁj		ÉÉÁ-ÁgÁ		ÉÉÁÁÁÁ		zÁQét PÁÉÁÁgÁ		vÁÁÁÁÁÁÉgÁ	
	ÁÁ.	%	ÁÁ.	%	ÁÁ.	%	ÁÁ.	%	ÁÁ.	%	ÁÁ.	%	ÁÁ.	%	ÁÁ.	%	ÁÁ.	%
±ÉÁ.10 j AzÁ 30	3	30	253	77.4	201	55.1	2	20	13	39.4	90	47.4	4	26.7	205	55.4	82	41
±ÉÁ.31 j AzÁ 50	3	30	37	11.3	48	13.2	3	30	6	18.2	50	26.3	5	33.3	73	19.7	34	17
±ÉÁ.51 j AzÁ 75	2	20	10	3.1	106	29.0	4	40	10	30.3	40	21.1	6	40.0	86	23.2	53	26.5
±ÉÁ.76 j AzÁ 100	2	20	27	8.3	10	2.7	1	10	4	12.1	10	5.3	0	0.0	6	1.6	31	15.5
MI ÁÖ	10	100	327	100	365	100	10	100	33	100	190	100	15	100	370	100	200	100

ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೋಷ್ಟಕವು ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗಳ ಫಲಾನುಭವಿಗಳ ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನಿತ ಹಣಕಾಸು ಗುರಿಗಳ ಸಾಧನೆಯನ್ನು ಸಂಕ್ಷಿಪ್ತಗೊಳಿಸುತ್ತದೆ:

Áé Á°ÁÁÁÁ UÁÁÁÁÁ ÁÁj ÁgÁÁZÁV ÉÁUÁ/ÁÉgÁ UÁÁÁÁÁVÁgÁ ±ÉÁ.30, ©ÁZÁgí 86%, ÉÁUÁ« 77% °ÁÁÉÁj 39%, ÉÉÁ-ÁgÁ 47%, zÁQét PÁÉÁÁgÁ 55% ¢ÁÁVÁÁU ತುಮಕೂರು 41% ಫಲಾನುಭವಿಗಳು ತಮ್ಮ ಹಣಕಾಸಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಶೇ.10 ರಿಂದ 30 ರಷ್ಟು ಹೆಚ್ಚಳ ಕಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಸ್ವಸಹಾಯ ಗುಂಪು ಸೇರಿದ ನಂವÁgÁ vÁÁÁÁ °ÁtPÁÁÁ CxÁÁÁ DyöPÁ ÁÁj 1Áv ¢ÁÁVÁÁU FÁÁÉÁ ¢ÁÁÁ ÖÁÁzÁj Á-ÁVzÉ ¢ÁÁVÁÁU ¢ÁÁÁ»w eÁUÁÁw ÁÁzÁj 1zÉ JAzÁÁ ÁÁ-ÁÉÁÁÁ«UÁÁÁ C°ÁÁÁÁÁÁÁÁgÉ.

3.4 ಗ್ರಾಂಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನಗಳ ವಿವರ

ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಣೆ 3.25 ಗ್ರಾಂಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನಗಳ ವಿವರ

ಗ್ರಾಂಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನಗಳ ವಿವರ	ಒಟ್ಟು		ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ		ಕೇಂದ್ರ		ರಾಜ್ಯ		ಜಿಲ್ಲಾ		ಪೇಟೆ-ಆಗಾ		ಪೇಟೆ-ಬಾ		ಸಹಾಯಧನ		ವಿವರ	
	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಮೊತ್ತ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಮೊತ್ತ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಮೊತ್ತ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಮೊತ್ತ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಮೊತ್ತ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಮೊತ್ತ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಮೊತ್ತ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಮೊತ್ತ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಮೊತ್ತ
ಒಟ್ಟು	01	10	00	00	365	100	07	70	28	84.85	134	70.53	15	100	303	81.89	144	72.00
3 ಕೇಂದ್ರ	01	10	277	84.70	00	00	03	30	00	00	00	00	0	0	55	14.86	02	1.00
1 ರಾಜ್ಯ	02	20	40	12.24	00	00	00	00	00	00	25	13.15	0	0	12	3.25	06	3.00
1 ವರ್ಷ	05	50	10	3.06	00	00	00	00	05	15.15	22	11.58	0	0	0	0	39	19.5
2 ವರ್ಷಗಳು	01	10	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	09	4.74	0	0	0	0	09	4.5
MI 10	10	100	327	100	365	100	10	100	33	100	190	100	15	100	370	100.0	200	100.0

ಒಟ್ಟು 10 ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳ ಗ್ರಾಂಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನಗಳ ವಿವರವು ಹೀಗಿದೆ. ಕೇಂದ್ರ 100%, ರಾಜ್ಯ 84.85%, ಪೇಟೆ-ಆಗಾ 70%, ಪೇಟೆ-ಬಾ 100%, ಸಹಾಯಧನ 81.89% ಮತ್ತು ವಿವರ 72% ಗಳು ಒಟ್ಟು 10 ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳ ಗ್ರಾಂಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನಗಳ ವಿವರವನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಸುತ್ತವೆ. ಕೇಂದ್ರ 100%, ರಾಜ್ಯ 12.24%, ಪೇಟೆ-ಆಗಾ 13.15%, ಪೇಟೆ-ಬಾ 0% ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನ 3.25% ಮತ್ತು ವಿವರ 3.00% ಗಳು 20 ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳ ಗ್ರಾಂಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನಗಳ ವಿವರವನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಸುತ್ತವೆ. 50 ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳ ಗ್ರಾಂಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನಗಳ ವಿವರವು ಹೀಗಿದೆ. ಕೇಂದ್ರ 3.06%, ರಾಜ್ಯ 15.15%, ಪೇಟೆ-ಆಗಾ 11.58%, ಪೇಟೆ-ಬಾ 0% ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನ 0% ಮತ್ತು ವಿವರ 19.5% ಗಳು 50 ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳ ಗ್ರಾಂಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನಗಳ ವಿವರವನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಸುತ್ತವೆ. 10 ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳ ಗ್ರಾಂಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನಗಳ ವಿವರವು ಹೀಗಿದೆ. ಕೇಂದ್ರ 00%, ರಾಜ್ಯ 00%, ಪೇಟೆ-ಆಗಾ 4.74%, ಪೇಟೆ-ಬಾ 0% ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನ 0% ಮತ್ತು ವಿವರ 4.5% ಗಳು 10 ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳ ಗ್ರಾಂಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನಗಳ ವಿವರವನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಸುತ್ತವೆ. MI 100% ಗಳು 100 ಕೋಟಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳ ಗ್ರಾಂಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಹಾಯಧನಗಳ ವಿವರವನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಸುತ್ತವೆ.

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ 3.27: ಗಳಿಕೆ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ

ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ	ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ	
	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ
ಉದ್ಯೋಗ	4	40	144	44.03	77	21.09	4	40	26	78.78	64	33.68	08	53.33	250	67.56	56	28
ಉದ್ಯೋಗ	6	60	183	55.97	288	78.91	6	60	7	21.22	126	66.32	07	46.67	120	32.44	144	72
ಉದ್ಯೋಗ	10	100	327	100	365	100	10	100	33	100	190	100	15	100	370	100	200	100

ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೋಷ್ಟಕವು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳ ವಿವರಣೆ

ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳ ವಿವರಣೆ
 ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳ ವಿವರಣೆ
 ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳ ವಿವರಣೆ

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ 3.28: ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳ ವಿವರಣೆ

ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ	ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ		ಉದ್ಯೋಗ	
	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ	ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ	ಶೇಕಡೆ
ಉದ್ಯೋಗ	4	40	167	51.07	335	91.78	6	60	25	75.76	95	50	8	53.33	143	38.64	85	42.50
ಉದ್ಯೋಗ	6	60	160	48.93	30	8.22	4	40	8	24.24	95	50	7	46.67	227	61.36	115	57.50
ಉದ್ಯೋಗ	10	100	327	100	365	100	10	100	33	100	190	100	15	100	370	100	200	100

ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೋಷ್ಟಕದಿಂದ ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳ ವಿವರಣೆ

ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳ ವಿವರಣೆ
 ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳ ವಿವರಣೆ
 ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳ ವಿವರಣೆ

ರೇಫಿಫುಟಾ 3.29: ಾAÀÀ«ÀVÀ DzÉÁ±AUAVÆENB ¥ÀÀ¥Àr, ÀÀMzÀ

¸ÀÀÀÀ ¸AÀÀ«ÀVÀ DzÉÁ±AUAVÆENB ¥ÀqÉAÀÀwCÀj	ÉAUAVÆEgÀ UÁÀÀÀAvÀgÀ		ÉÀUÁ«		©ÀZgì		ZÁÀÀgÁdÉUÁgÀ		ºÁÀÉj		ÉÆÁ-ÁgÀ		ÉÆ¥ÀÀ		ÀÀAUAVÆEgÀ		VÀÀÀÀPVEgÀ	
	À	%	À	%	À	%	À	%	À	À	%	À	%	À	%	À	%	À
ºÉZÀ	3	30	91	27.83	56	18.12	3	30	14	42.42	36	18.95	6	40	204	55.13	13	6.5
E®è	7	70	236	72.17	309	81.88	7	70	19	57.58	154	81.05	9	60	166	44.87	187	93.5
MI À	10	100	327	100	365	100	10	100	33	100	190	100	15	100	370	100	200	100

¥À-ÁÉÀÀ«ÀUAVÁÁ VÁÀÀÀ GvÀÀÀUÁ½UÉ ¸AÀÀ«ÀVÀ DzÉÁ±AUAVÆEÀB ¥ÀqÉAÀÀwCÀjಯೇ ಎಂದು ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೋಷ್ಟಕವು ತೋರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. J-Àè F-ÉUAVÁº è SºÀÀVÉÁPA ¥À-ÁÉÀÀÀ«ÀUAVÁÁ VÁÀÀÀ GvÀÀÀUÁ½UÉ ¸AÀÀ«ÀVÀ DzÉÁ±AUAVÆEÀB ¥ÀqÉAÀÀwCÀjè JAZÀÀ À«¹ZÁgÉ.

ರೇಫಿಫುಟಾ 3.30: ºÀÀºÁgÀÀÆENB ÉÀqÉÀÀÀ À®ZÀ ÀÀÀÀPVE

ºÀÀºÁgÀÀÆENB ÉÀqÉÀÀÀ ¸ÀÀÀÀ À® ÀÀÀÀPVEÁVZÉÁÉÀÀ	ÉAUAVÆEgÀ UÁÀÀÀAvÀgÀ		ÉÀUÁ«		©ÀZgì		ZÁÀÀgÁdÉUÁgÀ		ºÁÀÉj		ÉÆÁ-ÁgÀ		ÉÆ¥ÀÀ		ÀÀAUAVÆEgÀ		VÀÀÀÀPVEgÀ	
	À	%	À	%	À	%	À	%	À	À	%	À	%	À	%	À	%	À
ºÉZÀ	6	60	127	38.83	349	95.61	6	60	19	57.57	137	72.10	8	53.33	158	42.70	161	80.50
E®è	4	40	200	61.17	16	4.39	4	40	14	42.43	53	27.90	7	46.67	212	57.30	39	19.50
MI À	10	100	327	100	365	100	10	100	33	100	190	100	15	100	370	100	200	100

ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೋಷ್ಟಕವು ವ್ಯವಹಾರವನ್ನು ನಡೆಸಲು ಸಾಲದ ÀÀÀÀPVEÁVZÉÁÉÀÀB avÀÀVÁZÉ:

ÉAUAVÆEgÀ UÁÀÀÀAvÀgÀº è 60%, ©ÀZgì 96%, ZÁÀÀgÁdÉUÁgÀ 60%, ºÁÀÉj 58%, ÉÆÁ-ÁgÀ 72%, ÉÆ¥ÀÀ 53%, VÀÀÀÀPVEgÀ 81% dÉAgÀ VÁÀÀÀ ºÀÀºÁgÀÀÆENB ÉÀqÉÀÀÀ À® ÀÀÀÀPVE ಎಂದು ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಪಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಬೆಳಗಾವಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಶೇ.61ರಷ್ಟು ಮತ್ತು ಮಂಗಳೂರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಶೇ.57ರಷ್ಟು ಮಂದಿ ಸಾಲ ಸಾಕಾಗುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಪಟ್ಟು ¥ÀÀÀÁgÉ.

3.6.9 ಸಂಶೋಧಕನು ಸಂಶೋಧಿಸುವ ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ 3.38: ರಚನಾತ್ಮಕ ಮಾದರಿ ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯು

ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯ ವಿಷಯ	ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಿದ ಸೂಚಕ	ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಿದ ಸೂಚಕ
χ^2	-	1329.945
ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯ ವಿಷಯ	-	144
χ^2 ಸೂಚಕ	$p \leq 0.05$	0.000
$\chi^2 /$ ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯ ವಿಷಯ	< 5	9.236
ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯ ವಿಷಯ	> 0.90	0.916
ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯ ವಿಷಯ	> 0.90	0.8889
ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯ ವಿಷಯ	> 0.90	0.924
ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯ ವಿಷಯ	> 0.90	0.910
ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯ ವಿಷಯ	> 0.90	0.932
ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯ ವಿಷಯ	< 0.08	0.074

ಸಂಶೋಧಕನು χ^2 ಸೂಚಕ 1329.945 ದೃಶ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಇದು ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಸಂಶೋಧಕನು ಸಂಶೋಧಿಸುವ ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಇದು ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಸಂಶೋಧಕನು ಸಂಶೋಧಿಸುವ ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಇದು ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಸಂಶೋಧಕನು ಸಂಶೋಧಿಸುವ ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

3.6.10 ಸಂಶೋಧಕನು ಸಂಶೋಧಿಸುವ ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ

ಸಂಶೋಧಕನು ಸಂಶೋಧಿಸುವ ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

$$Y_1 = \gamma_{11} X_1 + \zeta_1$$

$$Y_2 = \gamma_{12} X_1 + \zeta_2$$

$$Y_3 = \beta_{13} Y_1 + \beta_{23} Y_2 + \zeta_3$$

ಆದಾಯವು 20000ಕ್ಕಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿದೆ. ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೋಷ್ಟಕವು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ಷದಿಂದ ಮತ್ತೊಂದು ವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಒಳಗಡೆ ಜಾರಿ ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಣೆ. 2014-15 ನೇ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 18 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಅದರ 03 ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ 2018-19 ಗೆ 18 ಗೆ 12 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವು ಸೇರಿವೆ.

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ 3.45: ನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ ಗುಂಪಿನ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ					
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
10,000 ರಿಂದ 30,000	00	00	00	00	00
30,000-60,000	06	04	11	06	02
60,000-90,000	07	03	06	07	08
90,000 ರಿಂದ 1,00,000	05	11	01	05	08
1,00,000 ರಿಂದ 1,50,000	00	00	00	00	00
MI AO	18	18	18	18	18

ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೋಷ್ಟಕದಿಂದ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ 10,000 ರಿಂದ 90,000 ಕ್ಕಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಶ್ರೇಣಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಜಾರಿ ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಣೆ. ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಲದ ಪ್ರಮಾಣ ವರ್ಷದಿಂದ ವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚುತ್ತಿದೆ. 2018-19 ಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ 30,000 ರಿಂದ 90,000 ಗೆ ಸೇರಿವೆ.

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ 3.46: ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ಷದಿಂದ ಮತ್ತೊಂದು ವರ್ಷಕ್ಕೆ ಒಳಗಡೆ ಜಾರಿ ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಣೆ

ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ					
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
1 ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆ	00	00	00	00	00
15 ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆ	00	00	00	00	00
MAZRA ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆ	18	18	18	18	18
JGQAQA ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆ	00	00	00	00	00
EvAgE	00	00	00	00	00
MI AO	18	18	18	18	18

ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೋಷ್ಟಕವು ಸಾಲವನ್ನು ಒಂದು ತಿಂಗಳೊಳಗೆ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಜಾರಿ ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಣೆ ಸ್ಪಷ್ಟವಾಗಿ ತೋರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ 3.49: ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೇಮಕಗೊಂಡ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳ ವೇತನ ಶ್ರೇಣಿಗಳ ವಿವರ

ವೇತನ ಶ್ರೇಣಿ (ರೂ.)	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
10000-20000	4	0	0	0	0
20000-30000	3	5	2	0	0
30000-40000	1	3	3	3	2
40000-50000	0	1	3	3	1
50000-60000	1	0	1	3	4
60000-70000	0	0	0	0	2

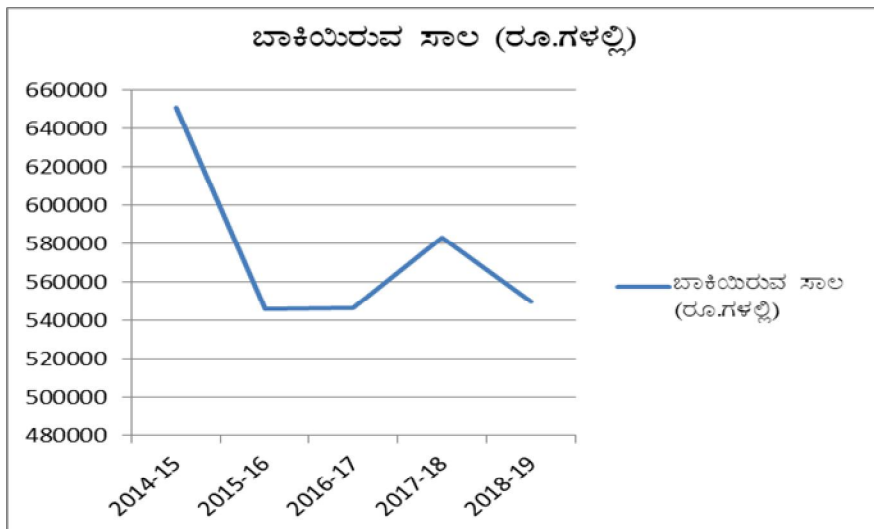
ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೋಷ್ಟಕದಿಂದ, ಪ್ರತಿ ವರ್ಷ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೇಮಕಗೊಂಡ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳ ವೇತನ ಶ್ರೇಣಿಗಳ ವಿವರವು 9 ಫೆಬ್ರವರಿ 2014-15 ರಿಂದ 2015-16 ರ ವರೆಗೆ 4 ರಿಂದ 5 ರ ವೇತನ ಶ್ರೇಣಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ 10000-20000 ರಿಂದ 30000-50000 ರ ವರೆಗೆ, 2016-17 ರ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 30000-50000 ರಿಂದ 50000-60000 ರ ವರೆಗೆ, 2017-18 ರ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 30000-60000 ರಿಂದ 50000-60000 ರ ವರೆಗೆ, 2018-19 ರ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 50000-60000 ರಿಂದ 60000-70000 ರ ವರೆಗೆ ವಿಸ್ತರಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಕೋಷ್ಟಕ 3.50: ವರ್ಷದಿಂದ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೇಮಕಗೊಂಡ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

ವರ್ಷ	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ (ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ)	650990	545902	546370	583250	549750
ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಣೆ (%)	100.00	83.86	83.93	89.59	84.45

ಮೇಲಿನ ಕೋಷ್ಟಕದಿಂದ, ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೇಮಕಗೊಂಡ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 2015-16 ನೇ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 16.14% ಗಳಿಸಿ, 2016-17 ನೇ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 16.07% ಗಳಿಸಿ, 2017-18 ನೇ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 10.41% ಗಳಿಸಿ, 2018-19 ರ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 15.55% ಗಳಿಸಿ, 2014-15 ರ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 100% ಗಳಿಸಿ, 2015-16 ರ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 83.86% ಗಳಿಸಿ, 2016-17 ರ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 83.93% ಗಳಿಸಿ, 2017-18 ರ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 89.59% ಗಳಿಸಿ, 2018-19 ರ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ 84.45% ಗಳಿಸಿ.

ಚಿತ್ರ 3.4: ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಸೇವೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೇಮಕಗೊಂಡ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ



- 22. $\int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}$ වන පරිදි $\int_0^1 x^3 dx$ හි අගය $\frac{1}{4}$ බව පෙන්වන්න.
- 23. $\int_0^1 x^2 dx$ හි අගය $\frac{1}{3}$ බව පෙන්වන්න. $\int_0^1 x^3 dx$ හි අගය $\frac{1}{4}$ බව පෙන්වන්න.
- 24. $\int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}$ බව දන්න විට $\int_0^1 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}$ බව පෙන්වන්න.

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CEMŞAZA -1

ANALIZĂ ŞI EVALUARE A UTILIZĂRII CREDITULUI INSTITUȚIONAL ACORDAT DE GRĂPURI DE AJUT MUTUAL ÎN ROMÂNIA

1. Title of the Study:

Evaluation Study on Utilization pattern of institutional loan availed by Self Help Groups (SHGs) at concessional interest rates through co-op institutions from 2014-15 to 2018-19 and its impact on Employment, Assets and Income of the Members and attainment of targets under SDG-5.

2. Department implementing the Scheme:

The Department of Co-Operation & Karnataka State Cooperative Apex Bank Limited.

3. Background and Context

The SHG concept was first used in micro credit in Bangla Desh by Mohammad Yunus in 1976. A SHG is an informal association of women/men to enhance their financial security as primary focus the other common areas of interest are awareness, motivation, leadership, Social and economic mainstreaming. Microfinance helps the poor in financial distress to become self-employed through rural non-farm sector activities of their choice. Moreover, microfinance is not limited to rural society or developing countries only. It is equally applicable to semi-urban areas and developed countries. Unemployment and poverty pose major challenges for any developing country and India is no exception to this phenomenon. This is because of the gap between demand for and supply of credit for the poor to start economic activities. The rural non-farm employment has acquired greater importance in economic development in recent times. It plays a positive role in the alleviation of poverty and generation of employment. It provides assets, employment and income to the rural poor. It also provides an opportunity for rural women to take up remunerative work beyond casual labor and household labor.

The results have revealed that trust across members had a direct impact on the social performance, indicating that the social performance of groups is directly related to the trust among members of SHGs. Similar results were observed by Jones (2004), who explained how decreased trust reduces the cooperation in the group and, in turn, its performance. The communication in the SHG directly influenced the overall performance of the group in government promoted and NGO-promoted models, which could be due to less interaction by the government agency workers and NGO officials with all the members. These results are in line with Kerr and Kaufman's (1994) findings that face-to-face communication enhances solidarity in the group and enhances better functioning through good cooperation. The performance in NGO promoted and government-promoted models was observed to be more, and the decisions were taken based on the consensus, arrived at after discussing the matter in the SHG meeting. This was followed by the groups which took decisions based on the majority after discussing the matter in the SHG and based on leaders

The Scheme-Interest subsidy to Self Help Groups

The scheme in the Dept. of Cooperation commenced in the year 2007-08. Under the scheme, the Self Help Groups (SHGs) were provided loan from DCC Banks and Primary Agricultural Co-operative Societies (PACs) at 4% interest rate. The balance of interest was borne by the government i.e. 7% interest is borne by government for the loans availed by co-operative institutions through DCC banks and 8% interest is borne by the government for the loans processed through PACs. The purpose of this is to help SHGs in rural areas, especially women, in business, self employment, animal husbandry, cottage industries, children's education, medical expenses and for the purpose of essential equipment for maintaining their family. The SHGs are to utilize this loan amount at 4% interest, in addition to amount available for them through internal lending among the group members held by them. SHGs are to take stock of the internal savings of the group and loan amount, and deposit the same in bank account or loan account of the group. The income so earned by this is to be distributed among the members at the end of the year. The scheme is being implemented since

2007-08 till today. As per the GO CRD/CAB-1/5/2017-18 Dt. 4/05/2017 the Women SHGs are to be given loans at zero percent rates of interest & men groups at 4 % Rate of interest and the same is continued in the year 2018-19. The SHGs under NRLM & NULM are also entitled to get the loans from DCC banks in some districts in Karnataka (Circular No. 295/MCID-10/2018 Dt. 14th Dec. 2018).

The co-operative institutions on the basis of disbursement of loan by groups prepare the SHG wise bills and send it for certification to the district officer concerned. The district officers certify and submit them to Registrar of Co-operative Societies through Apex Bank. Since inception upto March 2018 the SHGs linked to banks are 487, 138 and the amount of loan disbursed is Rs. 6237.52 crores. During last five years the progress is as follows.

4. Scope and Purpose of the Study

The scheme is implemented in all districts of the State though 5268 Primary Agriculture Cooperatives (PACs) and 21 DCC banks. There are around 487138 lakh SHGs (March 2018) provided with bank linkage in the Karnataka state. The scope of the study is to cover all the four divisions in the State and the sample districts identified for the Study. The period of evaluation is 2014-15 to 2018-19. During this period, 73298 new SHGs are formed and 181401 (Fresh+ Repeat) SHGs are provided loans.

Progress of SHGs formed and provided loans (2014-15 to 2018-19)

Year	New SHGs	Total SHGs provided loan
2014-15	11637	37238
2015-16	11515	33984
2016-17	11420	32978
2017-18	25468	44935
2018-19	13258	32266
Total	73298	181401

Source: Co-op. Dept

The purpose of evaluation is to assess the impact of loans given at concessional rate of interest to SHGs on their economic conditions, and the type of economic activity undertaken by them and its sustainability the repayment of loan & the problems faced by the SHG members in production and marketing. It thus attempts to provide an account of the overall performance of the men and women SHGs after getting the loan at concessional rate of interest and the experience of banks in handling these loans.

5. Evaluation questions/Issues

Provision of Inputs-

- Review the progress of the scheme over the time period and the trends in financing across the regions and the share of co-operative institutions in total lending to SHGs.
- Analyse the following parameters of loan
 - Average loan amount
 - Adequacy of loan
 - Time taken for sanction of loan
 - Loan sanctioning agency-PCS/DCC
 - Distribution of Loans among members- BPL/Non BPL/ SC/ST
 - Proportion of Stree shakti and other SHGs NRLM/NULM in the total loan
 - Period of existence of SHGs
 - SHGs satisfying all the parameters as per NABARD guidelines
 - Group formation and homogeneity of interest among the group members
 - Training and guidance to the member

Process/ Implementation

- Formation of the SHGs- any overlapping across the groups/members & proportion of different SHGs-newly formed, Stree Shakti & other SHGs under NRLM, NULM etc.
- Review of the findings of similar studies.

- Implementation process and impact of zero percent rate of interest loans on women SHGs and Lending institutions.
- Estimate the adequacy of loan and loan gap across different activities.
- Awareness among the SHG members about the quantum of loan, rate of interest on it and its utilization pattern.
- Criteria for sanction of loans. Deviations from the norms/ guidelines.
- Review of the financial management and auditing process as per the guidelines and claiming of interest subventions from NABARD and State Govt.
- Loans for personal/family use its repayment and the impact felt.

Output

- Geographical coverage of SHGs under the Co-operative & with other banking institutions.
- The loan utilization pattern across the groups- misutilization, fake beneficiaries
- Average loan sanctioned and mapping activities undertaken.
- Adequacy of interest subsidy for the co-operative institutions.
- Assess the loan performance on the basis of following parameters
 - Repayment Rate
 - Arrears rate(Ratio of overdue loans to total loans)
 - Portfolio at risk
 - Client density across the regions
 - Ratio of new loans to existing loans
 - % of NPAs with the banks
 - % of overdue accounts
 - (and any other suitable parameters)

Impact

- The nature of employment & occupational shifts among the beneficiaries.
- Make a cost benefit analysis of the ventures/ economic activities & impact on income and economic status of the members.

- Implementation process and impact of zero percent rate of interest loans on women SHGs and Lending institutions.
- Estimate the adequacy of loan and loan gap across different activities.
- Awareness among the SHG members about the quantum of loan, rate of interest on it and its utilization pattern.
- Criteria for sanction of loans. Deviations from the norms/ guidelines.
- Review of the financial management and auditing process as per the guidelines and claiming of interest subventions from NABARD and State Govt.
- Loans for personal/family use its repayment and the impact felt.

Output

- Geographical coverage of SHGs under the Co-operative & with other banking institutions.
- The loan utilization pattern across the groups- misutilization, fake beneficiaries
- Average loan sanctioned and mapping activities undertaken.
- Adequacy of interest subsidy for the co-operative institutions.
- Assess the loan performance on the basis of following parameters
 - Repayment Rate
 - Arrears rate(Ratio of overdue loans to total loans)
 - Portfolio at risk
 - Client density across the regions
 - Ratio of new loans to existing loans
 - % of NPAs with the banks
 - % of overdue accounts
 - (and any other suitable parameters)

Impact

- The nature of employment & occupational shifts among the beneficiaries.
- Make a cost benefit analysis of the ventures/ economic activities & impact on income and economic status of the members.

6. Evaluation Sampling and Methodology

The data required for the study is indicated below:-

Type of data		Source of information	Method and Tools
Primary data	1. Quantitative data	Beneficiaries	Survey, Observations
	2. Qualitative data	Beneficiaries,	FGD
		State level, district level, officials & DCC Bank members	IDI-interview schedules
Secondary data	Data from the Dept. annual Reports, literature review	Department levels district level.	On selected indicators relevant for the evaluation

Sample Size for the study

Kolar * is taken as special case as it has Highest average loan amount of Rs. 3.78 lakhs.

- Sample to cover groups receiving loans from DCC banks and PACS.
- The men and women groups to be selected based on Proportionate sampling.
- 1 member will be selected randomly from each SHG –Total =1520(To include some key persons like presidents also)
- Adequate representation to be given to SC/ST members in the sample.
- Any special cases, Best practices to be included in the sample
- Minimum 50 percent of the talukas in the district to be covered based on density of SHGs, one of them should be a bottom taluka with lowest no. of SHGs.
- Control group 8 SHGs two from each division & 2 members from each group.
Sample = 1520+16=1536
- The Farmers, suicide cases if observed in sample SHG members will be studied separately.

7. Qualitative data

18 FGDs 2 in each District PACS & DCC beneficiaries	SHG members, PAC/ DCC bank members Anganwadi workers GP women Members and other knowledgeable persons
IDI's	50 (45 (@5per district) at District/ Taluka GP level as per requirement in each district and 5 at State level)

8. Deliverables and time schedule

The Department of Agriculture and KEA will provide the necessary information pertaining to the study and also co-operate with the consultant organization in completing the assignment task within the stipulated time period. The concerned district and taluk officials will be instructed by the Department of Agriculture for providing the required information/data at the taluk and GP levels.

It is expected to complete the present study in 6 months time line, excluding the time taken for approvals at KEA.

Table 5: Timelines and deliverables

a. Inception Report	1 month after signing the agreement
c. Field Data Collection	3 months after the date of work plan Approval*
d. Draft report submission	1 month after Field Data Collection
e. Final report	1 Month after approval of the Draft report
Total duration	6 Months

*The field work duration is extendable in special cases with proper justification upto two months by CEO, KEA.

Preliminary Part

- Title and Opening Page
- Index
- List of acronyms and abbreviations
- Executive Summary- A section that describes the program, purpose and scope of evaluation, research design and methodology, key findings, constraints and recommendations.

Chapter-1 Introduction and Study design

- Background- A section that briefly covers the history or genesis of the sector under which the programme/scheme being evaluated covered. It should give recent fact sheets taken from reliable and published sources and review of the progress of the scheme at Taluka/District level.
- Log Frame theory/ Theory of change
- Objectives and performance of the program - This section includes the stated objectives of the program and the physical and financial achievements of the selected program in the period of evaluation. It should cover the description of the target group, aim of the program, the programme guidelines and method of selection of beneficiaries and the physical and financial achievements.

Chapter –II Review of literature and Evaluation Methodology

- Review of past evaluation reports and their findings- Theoretical background.
- Evaluation Methodology - This should include research design, hypotheses for testing, evaluation matrix sample design and size, Methodology for data collection and analysis- questionnaire design and pilot test, data analysis.
- Limitations/constraints in the evaluation study.

Chapter III - Findings and discussion

- Tables and figures are to be used to present results in summary and/or graph format to add clarity to the presentation. In addition to simply presenting the results in a straightforward manner, the author also has to provide the readers with his/her interpretation of the results, implications of the findings, conclusions. Each result is discussed in terms of the original hypothesis to which it relates and in terms of its agreement or disagreement with results obtained by other researchers in similar/related studies.
- A detail analysis of Case Studies, Best Practices and Focus Group Discussions

Chapter IV Summary and Conclusions

Chapter V- Recommendations – Recommendations to be evidence based- short term for mid course corrections & long term for change in program design/ policy change.

Annexure

- a. Sanctioned Terms of Reference of the study.
- b. Survey tools and questionnaires
- c. Place, date and number of persons covered by Focus Group Discussion (if applicable).
- d. Table showing details of major deviations, non-conformities, digressions of the program.

11. Administrative arrangements

The core team should comprise of the following technical members and should possess requisite qualification and experience as stated below:

Table 6: Expert Team to carry out the study

Sl. No.	Subject Experts Requirements	Subject Experts Requirements	Educational Qualification
1.	Principal Investigator	A Ph. D/ First class post graduate degree in Economics,/ Rural Development / Commerce/ Management, / Public Policy with operational knowledge of banking & co-operative institutions.	05 years of experience in field
2.	1 st Core team member	First class post graduate degree in Social Sciences/ Women’s Studies/ Commerce/ Management, / Public Policy With operational knowledge of banking	Should also possess a minimum of three (3) years of experience in allied sector projects
3.	2 nd Core team member	Post Graduate in Statistics/Economics/ MCA with knowledge of Statistical analysis	3 years experience in data analysis
4	3 rd Core Team Member	Expert in Translation (English to Kannada)	M.A in Kannada with expertise in translation. 3 years experience in the field of translation of English to Kannada documents.

The Team should engage such numbers that the evaluation is completed within the scheduled time period as prescribed by the ToR.

12. Cost and Schedule of Budget release

The Output based budget release will be as follows-

1. The **first installment** of Consultation fee amounting to 30% of the total fee shall be payable as advance to the Consultant after the approval of the inception report, but only on execution of a bank guarantee of a scheduled nationalized bank, valid for a period of at least 12 months from the date of issuance of advance.

CEMSAZA -2

ಅನೇಕ ಸದಸ್ಯರನ್ನು ಸೇರಿಸಿರುವ ಸಹಕಾರಿ ಸಂಘಗಳಿಗೆ ಸದಸ್ಯರನ್ನು ಸೇರಿಸುವುದರ

“PATTERNS OF UTILISATION OF LOANS AVAILED BY SHGs AT CONCESSIONAL RATES FROM CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTIONS AND ITS IMPACT ON EMPLOYMENT INCOME OF THE MEMBERS AND ATTAINMENT OF TARGETS IN SDGGOAL-5”		
SECTION – I: PERSONAL PROFILE		
1.	Name of the Respondent (Member):	
1.1	Address and Mobile No.	
1.2	Residence in	1. Urban 2. Rural
1.3	Taluk	
1.4	District	
2.	Gender of the Respondent (Member):	1. Male 2. Female
3.	Age of the Respondent (Member):	() Years
4.	Religion of the Respondent (Member):	1. Hindu 2. Christian 3. Muslim 4. Others
5.	Social Category of the Respondent (Member):	1. General 2.B.C. 3. S.C. 4.S.T.
6	Educational Qualifications (Member):	1. Uneducated 2. Some Informal Education capable of Signing 3. Below S.S.C. / 10 th 4. 12 th / +2 /P.U.C. 5. DEGREE(Graduation) 6. Professional Course /Diploma 7. Post-Graduation 8. OTHERS(Pls. Specify)
7	Occupation / Profession of the Respondent (Member):	1. Un-Employed 2. Daily wage Labourer / Agricultural Labourer 3. Farmer 4. Private Job / Skilled Worker 5. Shop / Own Business 6. Self-Employed Profession 7. Home Maker / House Wife 8. OTHERS (Pls. Specify)

16	Total Earning Members in the Respondent's Family:	() Total Earning Members in Family
17	Apart from the Respondent, Does any other Family members are Participating in Groups?	1. YES 2. NO,
If, Answer to ' <i>Question 17</i> ' is ' YES ', then answer the Following Questions		
17.1	How many members are participating in Groups besides the Respondent?	() No. Of Members participating in Groups Besides the Respondent
17.2	Are all the other participating family members participating in same Group?	1. YES 2. No,
17.3	Are all the family members investing the loan amount in same economic activity?	1. YES 2. NO,

SECTION - III: COMPARISON OF FAMILY STATUS BEFORE & AFTER JOINING GROUPS

No	ITEM	State Prior to Joining SHGs	Current state / State after Joining SHGs
18	Type of Residence	1. Rented House 2. Leased House 3. Own House	1. Rented House 2. Leased House 3. Own House
19	State of Residence	1. Hut / Thatched Shed 2. Tailed / Covered House 3. Concrete Roof	1. Hut / Thatched Shed 2. Tailed / Covered House 3. Concrete Roof
20	Category of Residence	1. Individual House 2. Roughhouse	1. Individual House 2. Roughhouse
21	Status of Education	1. Uneducated 2. Some Informal Education capable of Signing 3. Up to 10th /SSC 4. Up to 12th / +2 /PUC 5. Graduation 6. Diploma(Professional) 7. Others (Please Specify)	1. Uneducated 2. Some Informal Education capable of Signing 3. Up to 10th /SSC 4. Up to 12th / +2 / PUC 5. Graduation 6. Diploma(Professional) 7. Others (Please Specify)

23.23	Power Inverter	1. YES	2. NO	1. YES	2. NO
23.24	Auto / Car	1. YES	2. NO	1. YES	2. NO
24	Monthly Family Income	(In Rs.)		(In Rs.)	
25	Monthly Family Savings	(In Rs.)		(In Rs.)	
26	Monthly Personal Income of Member	(In Rs.)		(In Rs.)	
27	Monthly Personal Savings of Member	(In Rs.)		(In Rs.)	

SECTION IV: GROUP PROFILE

28	Name of the SHG in which the Respondent is a Member of :					
29	Month & Year of Formation of SHG :					
	Bank details of Bank Bank Name Bank Address					
30	No. of Members in Group (When Group Formed): 1. 1 to 10 Members 2. 11- 15 Members 3. 15-20 Members 4. 20 and above					
30.1	Social category of SHG 1. SC 2. ST 3. OBC 4. GM 5. Mixed					
30.2	SHG belongs to the sector 1. Urban 2. Rural					
30.3	SHG Belongs to whom? (SHG Type) 1. Women 2. Men					
31	No. of Members in Group (Currently) 1. 1 to 10 Members 2. 11- 15 Members 3. 15-20 Members 4. 20 and above					
31.1	What activity has the group taken? 1. Dairy 2. Agriculture 3. Sericulture 4. Beauty parlor 5. Retail shop 6. Tailoring 7. Traditional/Modern 8. Others					

	5. To improve social Status 6. As a Time-pass / Leisure Activity					
38.1	Type of Economic activity a. Dairy b. Agriculture c. Cocoon d. Beauty Parlour e. Petty Shop f. Tailoring g. Traditional/Modern					
39	Total Savings of the Group (Amount in Rupees)					
40	Total Liability of the Group (Amount in Rs)					
41	How many times this Group Received Loans So far?					
42	Loan amount					
42.1	Interest rate					
43	Respondent's Personal Savings (Amount in Rs)					
44	Respondent's Personal Liability (Amount in Rs)					
SECTION – V: LOAN PROFILE						
		2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
45	Amount of Loan Respondent is Eligible for :					
46	Amount of Loan Subscribed by Respondent :					
46.1	Interest rate					
47	Duration of the Loan: (Months / Weeks)					
48	Repayment frequency of Loan : 1. Weekly 2. Monthly					
49	No. of installments paid so far :					
50	No. of Installments Due :					
51	Does -the Respondent have multiple loans? : 1. YES 2. NO					
51.1	If YES, Having _____ No. of Loans					
51.2	SHGs Caste wise member of loan availed BC/SC/ST/MIXED/RURAL/SEMIURBAN 1. ONE TIME 2. TWO TIME 3. THREE TIME					
52	Have the Respondent taken any loans prior to this loan? : 1. YES, Consumed Loan Earlier 2. No, This is First Loan					

52.1	If Yes, Loan received Year Loan received in Rs..... Interest rate					
53	What is your prime purpose of Consuming this Loan? 1. To Start a New Business 2. To Pay other Debts 3. To PAY other MFI loans/Debts 4. To Expand the Existing Business 5. To meet some family Expenses 6. To lend to others (Pls. Specify)					
54	Apart from the existing loan, have you consumed any other loans? 1. YES 2. NO					
54.1	If Yes, Having_____No. of Loans					
54.2	Interest rate					
54.3	Frequency of internal borrowing 1. One time 2. Two time 3. Three time					
54.4	If YES, what other loans does the Respondent Consumed? 1. Personal loan 2. Two Wheeler Loan 3. Four Wheeler Loan 4. Home loan 5. Educational Loan 6. Other Loan(Pls. Specify					
55	Have the Respondent set any financial goals for Him/ Her or for His / Her Family? 1. YES 2. NO					
55.1	If YES, Have He / She achieved His / Her Defined financial goals so far? 1. YES 2. NO 2. Defined Financial Goals as yet 1. 10% to 30% 2. 31% to 50% 3. 51% to 75% 4. 76% 100%					
55.2	How much more Loan the Respondent may be required to reach His /Her Defined Financial goals? (Pls. Specify required amount in Rs.)					

56	Does the Respondent Borrow(ed) any money from private money lenders? i) YES ii) NO					
56.1	If YES, What for the Respondent Borrow(ed) money from private lenders? 1. To Start a New Business 2. To PAY other debts 3. To PAY other MFI loans/Debts 4. To Expand the Existing Business 5. To meet some family Expenses 6. To lend to others 7. OTHERS (Pls. Specify)					
56.2	Interest Rate					

SECTION – VI: RESPONDENT OPINION SURVEY

S. No.	STATEMENTS	Highly Disagree	Disagree	Some What Agree	AGREE	Highly AGREE
Please Validate the Following Statements on your agreement level. (Please put a TICK mark in the 5 Point column BOX of your agreement)		1	2	3	4	5
57. APPROACHING GROUPS						
57.1	I have known about the Groups well before joining the groups.	1	2	3	4	5
57.2	I myself approached the Groups to join in groups.	1	2	3	4	5
57.3	Joining in Groups is Very Easy.	1	2	3	4	5
58. SHG GROUP FORMATION						
58.1	We were given liberty to form our own groups.	1	2	3	4	5
58.2	I was given chance to choose from a no. of available groups to join.	1	2	3	4	5
58.3	My request to join in a particular group was entertained.	1	2	3	4	5
58.4	I have known members in the group so, only chosen a particular group.	1	2	3	4	5
58.5	I was allowed to change groups for my convenience sake.	1	2	3	4	5

63.13	I am satisfied with the way in which new loans are being sanctioned when the previous loan was closed properly.	1	2	3	4	5
63.14	I am satisfied with my economic achievements through groups.	1	2	3	4	5
63.15	I am satisfied with my personal savings achieved through groups.	1	2	3	4	5

SECTION – VII: SHG MEMBERS AWARENESS SURVEY

64 In the Following Questions, Please Tick the Level of Respondent’s Awareness (on 1 to 5 scales) about the ‘TOPIC in question’ Before joining the Groups & After Joining the Groups.

AWARENESS ITEM	BEFORE JOINING GROUPS					AFTER JOINING GROUPS					
	Strongly unaware	Unaware	Somewhat Aware	Aware	Strongly aware	Strongly unaware	Unaware	Somewhat Aware	Aware	Strongly aware	
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	
64.1	Cleanliness / Personal Hygiene										
64.2	Social Hygiene / Environment Cleanliness										
64.3	Early / Child Marriages (Marriage below 18 years for Women & 21 for men)										
64.4	Dangers of Pregnancy before 18 years of Age for women										
64.5	Unwanted Pregnancy / Abortions										
64.6	Importance of Nutrition in women										
64.7	Importance of Nutrition in School Going Children										
64.8	Importance of Education										
64.9	Importance of Group Savings										
64.10	Importance of Insurance										
64.11	HIV / AIDS										
64.12	Dangers of Consumption of Cigarettes										
64.13	Dangers of Consumption of Arrack / Alcohol										
64.14	Dangers of Consumption of g utkha / Khaini / Pan / Jarda / Tambaku / Tobacco etc.										
64.15	Micro Finance Options										
64.16	Importance of Health Insurance										
64.17	Self- Employment opportunities										

64.18	Group – Economic Activities								
64.19	Participation in Gram- Sabhas								
SECTION – VII1: SHG MEMBERS COST BENEFIT SURVEY									
Sl No	Particulars	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19			
65.1	What is the cost of raw material used in production								
65.2	Cost of Hired labour, Transport and other expenses								
65.3	How much is the profit earned								
65.4	How much money invested as working capital								
65.5	Total sales of products manufactured monthly								
65.6	Total profit earned each year								
SECTION –IX: SHG MEMBERS									
66	PRODUCTION	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19			
66.1	Where do you purchase of raw material 1. Local Market 2. Agent/Broker 3. Online								
66.2	How do you securing order 1. Face to face 2. Online 3. Agent/broker 4. Societies								
66.3	Is the Production unit running continuously								
66.4	Do you get regular orders: YES/NO								
66.5	If NO what is the alternative method for securing orders								
66.6	Is the loan Adequate								
66.7	Time Management(hrs) per day (Spent on Business)								
67	EMPLOYMENT	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19			
67.1	Have you Employed people in your Business								
67.2	How many people employed								
67.3	Salary paid to them in Rs. year wise								
67.4	Do you have any intention to expand your business								
68	MARKETING	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19			
68.1	What is your sales month								
68.2	Do you take product to market to sell (YES/NO)								
68.3	If NO any agent to sell your product								
68.4	What advertisement method you adopt Word of mouth/ paper advertisement/ Pamphlets/ Exhibitions/ Santhe								
68.5	Do you have support from family to sell products								

69	ENTREPRENEURSHIP & MANAGEMENT					
69.1	How did you start the business Support from family/ DCC/PAC/ Friends					
69.2	Do you manage alone: YES/NO					
69.3	If NO who assist you in business					
69.4	How do you balance family & Business 1. Support from family 2. Support from SHG 3. Support from Societies					
69.5	Is Bank supporting your Business					
69.6	Bank gives training YES/NO					
69.7	If Yes, which training provided by bank?					

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES QUESTIONNAIRE

1. Name of the respondent:
2. Age
3. Gender: 1. Male 2. Female
4. Mobile Number:
5. Designation:
6. Name of Co-operative Society:
7. Address of the Co-operative Society:
8. Year of establishment of Co-operative Society:

QUANTITATIVE INFORMATION						
SI No	Particulars	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2019-20
9.	Funds disbursed by Co-operative societies					
10.	Proportion of funds disbursed to DCC for SHG loan					
11.	Percentage of funds disbursed to DCC for SHG loan as compare to other loan.					
12.	Mention the criteria for allocation of funds to DCC banks					
13.	What is the proportion of loan given to BPL/ Non BPL/ SC/ST/GM					
14.	Do you give training to SHG members. A. YES/NO					
14.1	B. If yes mention the type of training					
15.	How much is the outstanding amount of loan for the year.					
16.	Interest rate					
17.	How many SHG members are defaulters of the loan					
18.	Percentage of loan amount given to SHG members is NPA.					

Bank Questionnaire

1	Name and address of the bank branch the officer work with		
2	Sex of the respondent <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female		
Age (in completed years)			
3	Up to and including 30	Above 30 but below 45	At least 45
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	Educational qualification		
	Graduation	Post-graduation	Doctorate
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	Experience at the level of officer		
	Five years and above but below ten years	10 years and above but below 15 years	At least 15 years
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	Exposure to microfinance		
	≥ 15 years	≥ 5 years and < 15 years	< 5 years
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

7. Empowerment dimension of the microfinance scheme

Sl No	Statement	Strongly agree (1)	Agree (2)	Neutral (3)	Disagree (4)	Strongly disagree (5)
a)	Financially, the women beneficiaries have been gradually becoming independent.					
b)	Women beneficiaries have been able to gradually establish themselves as valued members of the community.					
c)	The tendency to save for a rainy day has been growing among women beneficiaries					

8. SHG Bank Linkage Programme

<i>Sl No</i>	<i>Statement</i>	<i>Strongly agree (1)</i>	<i>Agree (2)</i>	<i>Neutral (3)</i>	<i>Disagree (4)</i>	<i>Strongly disagree (5)</i>
a)	Marketing support for the women beneficiaries is wanting in many respects					
b)	The constitution of SHGs is an onerous task					
c)	Loan amount falls short of the requirement					
d)	Indirect lending has to give way to direct lending					
e)	Coordination across the channelizing agencies / between the government and the channelizing agencies is suboptimal					
f)	Loan repayment period not rationally determined					
g)	Eligibility norms are too stringent to adhere to					
h)	A huge chunk of the allocated funds is gobbled up by just three or four schemes					
i)	Diversion of funds by women beneficiaries					
j)	Misuse / abuse of assets / freebies by the women beneficiaries					
k)	Disinclination of the women beneficiaries to benefit from the SHG-Bank Linkage Programmes					
l)	Ineffective implementation of policies					

9 Implication of the microfinance programme

10	Quantitative Information					
	Particulars	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
1	Funds disbursed by Co-operative societies					
2	Proportion of funds disbursed to DCC for SHG loan					
3	Percentage of funds disbursed to DCC for SHG loan as compare to other loan.					
4	Mention the criteria for lending loan to SHG					
5	Maximum amount given to SHG members individually.					
6	What is the proportion of loan given to a. BPL/ Non BPL/ SC/ST/GM					
7	For which activity loan are given.					
8	Do you give training to SHG members. a. YES/NO b. If yes mention the type of training					
9	What is the gap between the loan disbursed to SHG members after repayment of loan. a. 1 year 2year 3year 4year 5year					
10	Are the SHG members aware of maximum amount of loan to be given. YES/NO					
11	Are the SHG members aware of rate of interest					
12	How much is the outstanding amount of loan for the year					
13	How many SHG members are defaulters of the loan.					
14	Percentage of loan amount given to SHG members is NPA.					

QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CONTROL GROUP

Part-1: Socio Economic Profile of the Respondents

1. Name:
2. Address :
3. Residential Area: a. Urban() b. Rural () c. Semi Uran ()
4. Age in Years: a. 20-30 () b. 31-40 () c. 41-50 () d. 51-60 () e.
Above 61 ()
5. Educational Qualification:

Sl.No	Qualification	Yes	No
1	Illiterate		
2	SSLC		
3	PUC		
4	Degree		
5	Post-Graduate		
6	If Others (Please Specify)		

6. Religion:

Sl.No	Religion	Yes	No
1	Hindu		
2	Muslim		
3	Cristian		
4	If other (Please specify)		

7. Category:

Sl.No	Category	Yes	No
1	GM		
2	OBC		
3	SC		
4	ST		

8. Martial Status:

Sl.No	Category	Yes	No
1	Married		
2	Unmarried		
3	Widow		
4	Divorce		

9. Family Status:

Sl.No	Nature of the family	Yes	No
1	Joint Family		
2	Nuclear Family		

10. Occupation:

Sl.No	Occupation	Yes	No
1	Daily wage labour		
2	Government employee		
3	Private Employee		
4	Self Employed		
5	House Wife		

11	Monthly Income of the family (Amount in Rs)	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
	1. 10000-20000					
	2. 20000-30000					
	3. 30000-40000					
12	Monthly Expenditure of the Family (Amount in Rs)	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
	5000-10000					
	10000-15000					
	15000-20000					

PART II

13. Are you aware of SHG

YES/NO

If **YES**, are you member:

If No what are the reasons for not becoming the member of SHG

-Not aware

- Not interested in joining

-too much of mismanagement in SHG

-not easy to avail loan

-any other

Q. No	PRTICULARS	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
14	Have you approached bank for loan YES/NO					
	If Yes reasons for availing the loan from bank					
15	What is the extent of loan provided by Bank					
	Below 10,000					
	10,000-30,000					
	30,000-60,000					
	60,000-90,000 90,000 and above					
15a	what is the rate of interest for loan availed					
16	How long they take to sanction the loan					
	Within 1 week					
	Within 15 days					
	Within one month					
	Within two month Other					
17	What is the mode of repayment of loan amount					
	Weekly Monthly					

18. What are the challenges faced by you while getting the loan

Sl.No	Mode of Payment	Yes	No
1	Interest rate is high		
2	Policies and procedures are rigid in repayment		
3	Loan installment is for shorter period		
4	Loan installment amount is heavy		
5	Penalty on default is more		
6	Subsidy is not released in time		
7	If any other please specify		

19. What are the eligibility criteria to get financial assistance from the bank

Sl.No	Eligibility Criteria	Yes	No
1	Minimum Savings		
2	Security Pledge		
3	Clearance of all records and documents		
4	Security given by group members		
5	Security given by family members		
6	If any other please specify		

20. Do you involve in any income generating activities ?

If YES what type of product do you produce?

Sl.No	Particulars	Yes	No
1	Tailoring/Weaving		
2	Animal Husbandry		
3	Processed food products		
4	Hotel/Canteen/Catering		
5	Selling vegetables/Fruits/Other perishable products		
6	Agarbathi/ Candle making		
7	Agriculture and Allied activities		
8	Other Small & Tiny Business		

21. What type of difficulties faced by you in doing your Business

Sl.No	Difficulties	Yes	No
1	Scarcity of Raw material		
2	Transportation problem		
3	Labour Problem		
4	Inadequate Infrastructure		
5	High cost of Production		
6	Old Technology		
7	Heavy Competition		
8	Obtaining License		
9	Arrangement of Finance		
10	Lack of Skill		
11	Lack of Training		
12	Lack of Entrepreneurial attitude		
13	Low risk bearing capacity		
14	Water Problem		
15	Limited local market		
16	Tax Burden		
17	Difficulty in getting license or registration		
18	If any other please specify		

22. Please give correct rating to the following issues regarding Empowerment of Women

Sl. No	Measuring Variables	Measurement Scaling				
		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
1.	Helps to buy assets to the family					
2.	Helps to meet the needs of the family					
3.	Financial Assistance provided for children education					
4.	Financial Assistance provided for children marriage					
5.	Economic Independence					
6.	Financial Strength					
7.	Reduction in the poverty					

8.	Financial Assistance to start business					
9.	Creating platforms to sell the products and services provided					
10.	Providing opportunities to earn livelihood					
11.	Providing platforms to develop existing business					
12.	Providing training to start and develop business					
13.	Participate in election campaign					
14.	Nomination of election					
15.	Awareness of human right					
16.	Participation in Gram Sabah meeting					
17.	Awareness about political programs					
18.	Awareness about Banking Transactions					
19.	Training on Technical skills					
20.	Training is provided on using Cell phones and Computers					
21.	Self-Confidence is increased after joining SHG					
22.	Income generating activities helps to have economic independence					
23.	Discussions in the meetings will be useful to have knowledge on current issues					
24.	Social security is increased after joining the SHG group					
25.	Social relationships are increased among the group members					
26.	why has the SHG inactive Lack of cooperation No guidance Business underwent loss No support from the family No support from the bank Inefficient Marketing					

FGD

1. What problems you face when obtaining loan
2. What problems you face when repaying loan
3. Has your family status improved
Education/Self-employment/ Items addition to family/ Savings.
4. Do you face problem as child marriage/ Dowry/Harassment from men
5. When you started your business activity what kind of support you got from
Bank/Anganwadi trainers/NGO
6. Any suggestions to improve the activity of SHG
7. Do you get help from other members of SHG when you are in problem.
If YES-How
If NO-Why
8. Do bank come to help when you are facing problem
9. What kind of help you got during COVID-19
10. Give your suggestion on loan taken?
11. Are you satisfied with bank benefits.

FGD (Bank)

1. How many applications you receive in a year from SHG
2. Is there an improvement in members after obtaining loan
3. Do you give training to members? YES/NO
4. What kind of training you give
5. How many members are enrolled for training
6. In a year how many training programmes you conduct.
7. Have you seen any improvement after training
8. If member doesn't pay loan installment what steps you take to collect instalments
9. What are the reasons for default of SHG members
10. Do you support or give suggestion to improve in the business activity

FGD (Anganwadi/ NGO)

1. Do you conduct training program to SHG members
2. What type of training programmes
3. How many members are enrolled in the training programme
4. In a year how many training programmes are conducted

CEMŞAZA -3

MAZPÖ, A-ÁZÀ aKOUA YAnö

°EZAAÖAj αSAZAPAgAA ,A°APAgA ,AAWAUA/A
A°APAj °ÁAPAAUA/A E-ÁSE
C° D, Agi gÀ, ÉÜ °ÉAUVA/EgAA.

±ASÁ aAaA, ÁKAPAgAA
r¹¹ ,A°APAj °ÁAPi UA/AÄ

aAAARä PAAÄÄöαAö°APÄ CΦBÁj / G, AAÖAj
A°APAgA ,AAWAUA/AÄ

EvAgA ¥Á®AZAgAgAA

vAgA °ÉAw ,AA, ÉWA/AÄ
F-Áè aAAvAAÜ vÁ®ÆPAA aAAI ÖÄ MPÄ/EII UA/AÄ

aAAvAAÜ

¥Ä-ÁEAA°Ä<UA/AÄ

CEMSAZA -4

பேரவையின் 4 ஆவது ஆண்டு விழா



